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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/913,378	11/02/2001	Guido Baumoeller	H-3954-PCT/U 9714	
23657 75	590 08/29/2006		EXAMINER	
COGNIS CORPORATION			FORTUNA, JOSE A	
PATENT DEPA 300 BROOKSI			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AMBLER, PA			1731	
			DATE MAILED: 08/29/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			v
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/913,378	BAUMOELLER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	José A. Fortuna	1731	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	ss
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this common 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ju	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		erits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 10-35 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 10-35 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accertion and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	vn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  epted or b) □ objected to by the beginning(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the beginning(s) is objected to be a beginning(s) is objected to be a beginning(s).	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1	` '
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Sta	ige
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	ate	2)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Inventorship

1. In view of the papers filed on June 30, 2006, it has been found that this nonprovisional application, as filed, through error and without deceptive intent, improperly set forth the inventorship, and accordingly, this application has been corrected in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(a). The inventorship of this application has been changed by the addition of Andrea Urban as one of the inventors

The application will be forwarded to the Office of Initial Patent Examination (OIPE) for issuance of a corrected filing receipt, and correction of Office records to reflect the inventorship as corrected.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c)

and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 10-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over de Haut et

al (6,207,014).

Regarding claims 10-27, de Haut et al. disclose the impregnation of paper with an aqueous softening lotion. The lotion contains the following components (last paragraph of column 5):

- a) 35-95% fatty alcohol
- b) 1-50% waxy esters having a total of 24-48 carbon atoms
- c) Up to 20% nonionic/amphoteric emulsifiers
- d) Up to 50% mineral oil or wax.

The waxy esters are listed in column 2, lines 27-32 and include the ones recited in present claim 13. The preferred amount of emulsifier is 1.5 -5%, wax is 1-10% see column 8, lines 50-65.

One of the preferred non-ionic polyol emulsifier is in particular polyglycerol poly-12-hydroxystearate, column 7, lines 60-62.

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Even though the claims recite the semi-open transitional phrase "consisting essentially of," it is the examiner's opinion that the use of saturated fatty acids would not materially change the composition and therefore, the cited reference still reads on the claims. Note that it has been held that "[I]f an application contends that a additional steps or materials in the prior art are excluded by the recitation of "consisting essentially of," applicant has the burden of showing that the introduction of additional steps or components would materially change the characteristics of applicant's invention. In re De Lajarte, 337 F.2d 870, 143 USPQ 256 (CCPA 1964). It is applicant's burden to establish that a step practiced in a prior art method is excluded from his claims by consisting essentially of language. Ex parte Hoffman, 12 USPQ2d 1061, 1063-64 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989). Thus, at the very least, it would have been obvious to select those components and amounts, which de Haut et al considered to be preferred over other listed components. Therefore one of ordinary skill in the art would have selected the preferred amount of wax and the polyglycerol poly-12-hydroxystearate the non-ionic emulsifier. Regarding claims 28-35, even though de Haut et al. prefer the use of saturated waxy esters to avoid potential odor problems that some of the unsaturated waxy esters could cause, that in any way teaches away from using unsaturated waxy esters. One of ordinary skill in the art would have reasonable expectations of success if unsaturated ester are used, and can chose if so desire to use unsaturated esters which either: a) won't cause odor problem or b) would use some countermeasure to the odor problem, i.e., using perfume or odor repellent agent. It has been held that "[R]eferences are not limited to preferred embodiments." In re Boe, 148 USPQ 507 (CCPA 1966). Also, it has been held

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that all the disclosure in a reference must be evaluated for what they fairly teach one of ordinary skill in the art. *In re* Smith, 32 CCPA 959, 148 F.2d 351, 65 USPQ 167; *In re* Nehrenberg, 47 CCPA 1159, 280 F.2d 161, 126 USPQ 383; and in *In re* Watanabe, 50 CCPA 1175, 315 F.2d 924, 137 USPQ 350.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 10-35 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure in the art of "Process of making a Soft Paper."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to José A. Fortuna whose telephone number is 571-272-1188. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven P. Griffin can be reached on 571-272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1731

JAF